INSTALLATION

Install the 9900 controller in panel see 10.2 Wire up connections see 10.1

TO SELECT SENSOR AND ADJUST SET POINT

Step 1

POWER LIP Self check sequence



Step 2

ZERO FLASHES ON LEFT Indicating no sensor selected



Buttons only adjust flashing digits (shown green)

PRESS TO SELECT SENSOR e.g. Type K = 2 Sensor options: (For full table see 8)



J 1 K 2 N 3	R 4 S 5 T 6	E 7 L 8 B 10	RTD 9 PTIOO

Step 4

PRESS P TO ENTER SENSOR INTO MEMORY Display shows process temperature e.g. Ambient







PRESS AND HOLD *

TO INCREASE

SET POINT

PRESS



Output turns on and temperature rises

The controller is now operational with factory PID settings:

Prop band 25% Prop time 20 sec Derivative 25 sec Integral 5 min DAC approach control 1.5

2 IMPORTANT - Please read before using **Autotune AT**

- If required adjust: Range, Hi-res O.1°
- Negative temperature ranging, see 8
 Proportional cycle-time: 20 sec factory set. if unsuitable change now or use Autotune calculated value after tuning run see 6
- For best results use normal set point and load conditions
- Start Autotune AT with the load cool

TO AUTOTUNE

Step 7

START AUTOTUNE 'AT' NEAR AMBIENT



CAL 9900 AUTOTUNE PID TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER INSTALLATION AND OPERATING MANUAL



The CAL 9900 microprocessor based temperature controller provides precise control with a minimum of setting up, the advanced Autotune algorithm tunes all five control parameters automatically. The simple setting up procedure below is normally sufficient, specialised applications may need the comprehensive 9900 features covered in this manual.



KEY CONTENTS GUIDE

9 Important caution - please read first 10 Installation 1 Setting up
2, 3, 5 Autotune 6 Prop cycle-time
Functions: 4 Selection 8 Table
7 Alarms 11 Error messages

In Program Mode - Left of . is value, Right of . is parameter THE REAL PROPERTY.

Step 8

PRESS P TO ACCESS PROGRAM MODE Function O flashes on right



Step 9 PRESS * TO CHANGE TO OPTION SELECTION Option O flashes on left



Step 10

PRESS A TO SELECT AUTOTUNE 'AT' Option 1



Step 11

PRESS P TO START AUTOTUNE 'AT



AT and Process temperature displayed alternately during Autotune



3 AUTOTUNE TYPES AND USES

Two types of Autotune are provided to ensure optimum control of a wide range of applications

AUTOTUNE AT - Normal method, tunes during warm up

AUTOTUNE PT - (Push-to-Tune) - For difficult applications, tunes at set point

3.1 AUTOTUNE AT

Start Autotune AT with the load cool. A short tuning cycle occurs at 75% set point during warm up. New PID values are automatically entered and the temperature rises to set point

Autotuned parameters Autotune limits

Entered automatically Proportional band/Gain Integral time/Reset Derivative time/Rate DAC approach control

0.5 - 20 o c/range O.2 - 43.5 min 1.0 - 255 sec 0.5 - 9.0 x gain

O.8 - 819 sec Proportional cycle time

Calculated but for safety reasons needs manual acceptance see 6

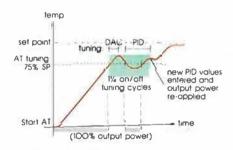


Fig. 1 Autotune AT

AUTOTUNE PT (Push-to-Tune) Select Opt 2 at 2 step 10

Used to fine tune difficult applications at set point. Usetul if the set point or thermal conditions are substantially changed. During PT tuning some overshoot will occur. If this is unacceptable, temporarily reduce set point. PT tunes the parameters listed above except DAC. Proportional cycle time is recalculated but needs manual acceptance

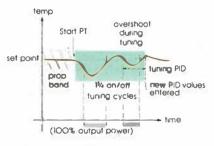


Fig. 2 Autotune PT

3.3 OVERIDING AUTOTUNE VALUES

After AT/PT any Autotuned parameter may be changed to an Option from the table. The original Autotuned value is retained in memory.

Note Subsequent Autotune AT or PT run replaces manual selections with new calculated values (except Cycle time)

4 CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS DISPLAY AND SELECTION PROCEDURE

The facilities of the 9900 are selected from the Functions and Options Table see 8 using program mode Functions (Fn) – The available controller facilities
Options (Opt) – The available values for each Function e.g. Function 5 Option 0 (Fn 5/Opt 0) = SPI Prop band of 2.5%
Note 1 Should difficulty occur in adjusting Options check the Parameter lock see 14 Note 2 Normal control is maintained with existing settings during programming

401 Step 1

PRESS P TO ENTER PROGRAM MODE



Step 2

PRESS AND HOLD A INDEX TO FUNCTION e.g. Function 16 (Sensor select) flashes



Step 3

PRESS CHAINGE TO OPTION SELECTION e.g. Option 2 (Type K)



Step 4

PRESS OF SELECT OPTION REQUIRED e.g. Option 1 (Type J)



Step 5

PRESS CHANGE TO FUNCTION SELECTION Set other Functions as required



Step 6

PRESS TO EXIT
PROGRAM MODE WHEN
SELECTIONS COMPLETE
Process temperature
displayed



Control commences with new instructions now entered in memory

4.2 MODE B - FUNCTION/OPTION DISPLAY

Used in Function 2 to set full scale alarms and Function 24 – Range adjustment. Mode B enables all digits to be used for Options values

Step 1

PRESS TO INDEX
TO FUNCTION
e.g. Function 24
(Range adjustment)
flashes
Note 2 bars = Mode B



Step 2

PRESS TO DISPLAY OPTION VALUE e.g. Range 400° flashes



Step 3

PRESS AND HOLD *





5 AUTOTUNE HINTS

5.1 Autotune error messages see 11 (EE5-7) (Latched: PRESS to reset). AT/PT tunes most applications satisfactorily, but if tuning fails and error messages repeatedly occur, the application has unusual characteristics requiring manual tuning see 21

5.2 Tuning with set point near ambient

Difficult both to control and Autotune. Use PT. If tuning fails try with Fn 5/Opt 1, otherwise increase set point or tune manually

5.3 In High Resolution (O.1°)

Should error message EE6 occur during tuning, select normal resolution (Fn 18/ Opt O) then Autotune and afterwards re-select Hi-res, (check range setting Fn 24)

5.4 AUTOTUNE VALUE DISPLAY

At the end of an Autotune run the AT value is automatically entered and may be displayed in Functions:

5 Prop band/Gain 6 Derivative time/Rate 7 DAC approach control

7 DAC approach control Integral time/Reset

Step 1

PROGRAM MODE



Step 2

PRESS TO INDEX TO FUNCTION e.g. Function 5 Prop band AT value = 3.5%



Note 3 LED's show an AT value displayed

6 PROPORTIONAL CYCLE TIME

6.1 Autotuned cycle time

Autotune calculates the optimum value but for safety reasons does not automatically implement it

6.2 If the cycle time needed is known

Applications known to require shorter times than the 2O sec factory setting, including SSR drive (1 sec), linear outputs (0.05 sec) should select the appropriate Option in Function 4 using the procedure see 4. This setting will not be changed, but may be replaced with the calculated AT value if preferred after the Autotune run

6.3 Normal procedure

Run Autotune AT see 2. When complete (alternating AT display stops) display the AT calculated cycle time and accept if suitable, this will then replace the 2O sec factory setting

Step 1

Index to Function 4
For procedure see 4
Option O: 20 sec
factory setting



Step 2

PRESS TO CHANGE



Step 3

PRESS TO DISPLAY
CALCULATED AT VALUE
e.g. 9.8 sec
Note Flashing bar
shows calculated AT
value is displayed



Step 4

IF AT VALUE SUITABLE

PRESS TO ACCEPT AT VALUE NOW OPERATIONAL



OR IF AT VALUE UNSUITABLE

PRESS TO SELECT A SUITABLE OPTION FROM TABLE e.g. Option 4: 30 sec



6.4 AT Cycle time values in Function 4

Two AT cycle time values are stored, to enable the current operational value to be retained, until a new value from a subsequent Autotune run is considered Example of two AT cycle time values after a subsequent Autotune run:

Step 5

Index to Function 4
Operational AT value – 9.8 sec
As accepted previously
(Step 4) Note 3 LED's ON



Step

PRESS * TO CHANGE TO OPTION SELECTION
Step 7

PRESS ATO DISPLAY Latest calculated AT value e.g. 7.2 sec. Note Flashing bar



Step 8 Alternative actions:

PRESS to accept the latest calculated AT value – 7.2 sec which replaces 9.8 sec as the operational AT value

OR PRESS V to display current operational

AT value. Then PRESS P to retain 9.8 secs

OR PRESS 🛦 to select Option from Table

7 ALARMS

7.1 SP2 Operating mode

The operating mode must be selected at Function 19 before adjusting SP2 at Function 2

7.2 Alarm output operation

The alarm output is failsafe, SP2 relay is de-energised and SP2 red LED on during the alarm condition (Not with SP2 in Proportional mode)

7.3 LBA - Loop break alarm see Fig. 3

LBA detects a control loop fault, and displays an error message (EE3). The alarm relay may be configured to act also LBA operates if the controller fails to receive the correct response to the output within a set time, technically:

LBA occurs when SPI output is saturated O% or IOO% and the process temperature fails to move a minimum 50% prop band in the LBA time. SPI output state is unaffected by LBA alarm condition

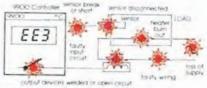


Fig. 3 Typical faults detected by LBA

7.4 Selecting LBA - EE3 message only
1. Index to Function 12 - LBA time
Option O - LBA OUT, displayed

2. PRESS * to change to option selection

3. PRESS ▼ to select Option 14
The recommended initial setting (2 x Integral time in use)

4. LBA alarm condition: EE3 displayed, alternating with process temperature display latches, to reset PRESS together To configure Alarm relay SP2 to LBA Select Option 6 in Function 19 (Relay latches in

alarm condition, to reset PRESS ()
Note Use LBA with SP2 ON/OFF mode only
(Fn 10/Opt O). Reset EE3/Relay before any
other program changes

FUNCTIONS AND OPTIONS TABLE Please read these important notes first

- Factory setting: is Option O (except Functions 2 and 22)
- 2. Initial configuration: Functions 16-24 must be selected first then entered into memory by exiting Program mode - see 4 then Autotune and other Functions may be selected

3. Protected Functions: All Functions, except User Settings (Functions 1, 2, 3) may be locked in memory after setting to prevent tampering. See 14 Parameter lock

4. AT values (marked):

As calculated on the latest AT or PT run

5. Locating Functions: Function O is the Program mode entry point

Pressing increments

moves direct to Function 13 for access to higher Functions Hold pressed to auto index through table (Functions 13, 14, 25 are unused)

Fn Opt **Parameter**

OPERATING MODE ... Protected

Operating mode

0	Normal Operation
1	Start Autotune AT
2	Start Autotune PT
3	Park mode
4 - 100	Manual heat %

USER SETTINGS ... Unprotected

Manual Reset (OUT IN PID)

1° steps (max ±127°/50% prop band)

2 SP2 Adjust

steps Factory setting 5° SP2 mode must be selected in Function 19 before adjusting SP2

SP2 mode (Fn 19)	No	2 range	
Deviation alarm Full scale alarm Cool strategy	1-3	O − 127° O − ₩	

(* Sensor range: Fn 16)

SPI Lock

3

12 8%

14

15

14%

100%

5

0	Unlocked
1	Locked

OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS ... Protected

12

13

14

4%

50%

3 sec 7 sec

14 sec

45 sec

Operational

SP1 Proportional cycle time

20 sec

1 sec

5 sec 10 sec

30 sec

6789	O.O5 sec ON/OFF O.3 sec 2 sec	15	At value Latest calculated At value
	Proportional nd/Gain	SP1 Hy in ON	steresis /OFF mode
01234567891011	2.5% CR 0.5% 1% 2% 3% 10% 20% 1.5% 4%	1.25% O.25% O.5% 1% 1.5% 2.5% 5% 10% O.75% 2% 3% 3.5%	

SPI Derivative time/Rate

AT value

0	25 sec	9	3 sec
1	OUT	10	7 sec
2	5 sec	11	15 sec
3	10 sec	12	20 sec
4	50 sec	13	35 sec
5	100 sec	14	75 sec
6	200 sec		A .
7	1 sec	15	AT value
8	2 sec		¥

Fn Opt No. No. Parameter

OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS ... continued

SPI DAC approach control

0	1.5 x prop band	5	3.0	
1	0.5	6	4.0	
2	1.0		_	
3	2.0	7		AT value
4	2.5		*	i de deserv

SP1 Integral time

0	5 min	8	O.2 min
1	OUT	9	7 min
2	O.5 min	10	13 min
3	1 min	11	25 min
4	2 min	12	33 min
5	3 min	13	43 min
6	10 min 18 min	14	AT value

Sensor error correction

steps (±127° max)

SP2 Proportional cycle time

0	ON/OFF	9 3 sec
1	1 sec	10 7 sec
2	5 sec	11 14 sec
3	10 sec	12 45 sec
4	20 sec	Non linear ranges
5	60 sec	for Cool strategy
6	0.05 sec	13 O.15-10 sec
7	30 sec	14 O.15-20 sec
8	2 sec	15 O.O6-15 sec

SP2 Proportional band/Gain SP2 Hysteresis in ON/OFF mode 11

_	DEW CD	1000
0	2.5% CR	1.25%
1	0.5%	0.25%
2	1%	0.5%
3	2%	1%
4	3%	1.5%
5	5%	2.5%
6	10%	5%
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	20%	10%
á	1.5%	0.75%
8	4%	20/3/6
y_		2%
10	6%	3%
11	7%	3.5%
12	8%	4%
13	14%	7%
14	100%	50%

LBA ... Loop break alarm - time

0	OUT	9 30 min
1	1 min	10 40 min
2	2 min	11 50 min
3	4 min	12 70 min
5	6 min	13 90 min
5	8 min	Recommended
6	10 min	initial setting:
7	15 min	14 2 x Operational
8	20 min	Integral time
Res	set Functions	O - 24 to factory

15 settings

Normal Reset (Function 22 not reset)

Abbreviations:

- Function Opt" - Option - Sensor range Configured range

Opt No. Fn Parameter

INITIAL CONFIGURATION ... Protected

Sensor Select and Range Table 16

Range Table

Sensor

	iype	racioly sel		racioly sel		range	e (SR)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10	T/C JKNRSTELB	°C 400 400 400 1600 1600 250 500 400 1600	°F 800 800 800 1999 1999 500 1000 800 1999	°C 800 1200 1200 1600 1600 250 600 800 1800	°F 147O 1999 1999 1999 1999 5OO 11OO 147O 1999		

RTD

9	PT100 200	400	400	750

Range minimum: O°C/32°F Except T/PT100: Factory set 0 ° C/32 ° F Minimum available -200°C/°F

Display

Linear process inputs

11	O - 20mV	0 - 100
12	4 - 20mV	0 - 100
13	O - 20mV	0 - 1000
14	4 - 20mV	0 - 1000
15	O - 20mV	0 - 2000

Negative temperature ranging

Disabled Enabled (range min -200°)

18 Display resolution

Normal (1°)
Hi-res (0.1°) ±199.9°
1° settings become 0.1°
Ranged 0 - 200° on selection of Hi-res, (reset with Fn 24)

19 SP2 Operating mode Select and enter Function 19 before adjusting SP2 in Function 2

OUT Deviation alarm - High Deviation alarm - Low Deviation band alarm Full scale alarm – High Full scale alarm – Low LBA – Loop break alarm Cool strategy

SP1 Sensor break

Upscale 0 Downscale

21 SP2 Sensor break

Upscale Downscale

°C/°F (Note Change top fascia)

| Factory set not reset by Function 15

23 Software version number

Configured range (CR) adjustment 24

Mode B adjustment see 4.2 (See Range Table in Function 16)



Designed for use: UL61010-1-Within Installation

Categories II and III environment and polution degree 2.

To avoid possible hazards accessible conductive parts of final installation should be protectively earthed in accordance with UL61010 for Class 1 equipment.

Output wiring should be within a grounded cabinet. Sensor sheaths should be bonded to ground or not be accessible. Live parts should not be accessible without use of a tool.

10 INSTALLATION

10.1 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION CAUTION RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK.

1. Check controller label is the correct supply voltage for your application.

2. Connections are shown on the

socket label.

11 ERROR MESSAGES

burnout

EE3 LBA Loop

break

EE1 Sensor

APPLICATION FAULTS

EE2 RTD/PTIOO Check sensor

Autotune run is aborted:

EE5 Outside time limit

SOFTWARE FAULTS

EE9 System error

PRESS

message

EE8 Calibration data

Previous values are retained

EE6 O/shoot exceeds limit

SP1 in ON/OFF mode

WARRANTY
West Control Solutions warrant this

workmanship and materials for three (3) years from date of purchase

1. Should the unit malfunction, return it

unit shows evidence of being

with misuse, are excluded e.g. Relays, SSR 4. To comply with this warranty the

installation and use must be by suitably qualified personnel

5. West Control Solutions shall not be

or other misuse

of the

to the factory. If defective it will be repaired or replaced at no charge 2. There are no user-serviceable parts in this unit. This warranty is void if the

tampered with or subjected to excessive heat, moisture, corrosion

3. Components which wear, or damage

responsible for any damage or loss to other equip-ment howsoever caused,

which may be experienced as a result

installation or use of this product. West Control Solutions liability for any

breach of this agreement shall not

exceed the purchase price paid

product free of defects in

3. For connection to socket use, 250 Faston receptacles provided in accessory kit.

 Recommended wire size for mains voltage and outputs 32/0.2 1.0mm² (18 AWG 0.04°2) rated to 6 Amps/ 300V at 70°C.

5. For use with 2 wire RTD an external link is required between connections

IMPORTANT. It is recommended that interference suppressors are fitted across relay contacts to prolong relay

gool

AUTOTUNE AT/PT TUNING CYCLE FAULTS

Check sensor

Check control

Unable to run Autotune, Latches: Reset

together to reset latched

"h" onscreen is

manual heat %.

Self

cleoring Self

clearing

Latches⁻

Reset

Latches: Reset

Latches: Reset

Replace unit

Replace un t

if it persists

failure to do so may impair the protection provided. Follow wiring diagrams and regulations. NEUTRAL LINE 1AT LOAD SSR -909+ 10 11 2 N Output 1 SSR DRIVE LOAD Output 1 N

It is the responsibility of the installation engineer to ensure that this equipment's

equipment as specified in this manual.

compliance to UL61010 is not impaired when fitted to the final installation and to use this

Fuses: 250VAC rated, time lag type to IEC 127.

DRIVE

RTD

RTD

129900 SPECIFICATION

Output 2

3AT

Output 2

See 8 Function 16 for Range Table Thermocouple - 9 types

J	Iron/Constantan Chromel/Alumel	T R	Copper/Con Pt - 13% Rh/Pt
L	Fe/Konst	S	Pt - 10% Rh/Pt
Ν	NiCroSil/NiSil	В	Pt - 30% Rh/
Е	Chromel/Con		Pt - 6% Rh

1PTS 68/DIN 4371O Standards: Standards: 1915 66/DIN 45/10

Linearity: 5 - 95% sensor range see 8

J/K/L/N/E ±1° C, T ±2° C, B ±6° C>500°

R/S 0-300° C ±5° C, 300-1600° C ±2° C

CJC Rejection: 20:1 (0.05°/°C) typical

External resistance: 100 Ω maximum

Resistance thermometers RTD/PT100 2 wire (optional 3 wire) DIN 43760 100 Ω 0 ° C/138.5 Ω 100 ° C Pt

Linear process inputs: O-20mV/4-20mV Linearity: $\pm 1.5\%$ Impedence 100k Ω min

Applicable to all inputs

Applicable to all inputs SR-sensor range, CR-configured range Calibration accuracy: ±0.25% SR ±1°C Sampling frequency: Input 3Hz, CJC 5sec Common mode rejection: Negligible effect up to 140dB, 240V, 50-60Hz Series mode rejection: 60dB, 50-60Hz
Temperature coefficient: 150ppm/°C SR
Reference conditions: 22°C ±2°C,
115/230V ±5%, after 30m settling time

SSd-optional:

OUTPUT MODULE - Dual standard Main output: SP1

Relay standard:

5A/25OVac resistive SPDT/Form C 5V/25mA non-isolated

Alarm/Cool channel output: SP2 Relay-standard: 3A/25OVac resistive SPDT/Form C

SSd-optional: 5V/25mA non-isolated

9900 Controller output module - types

SP1 output SP2		115V code 23OV		
Relay Relay SSd SSd Relay SSd	Relay SSd Relay SSd -	991.11C/F 991.21C/F 992.11C/F 992.21C/F 991.01C/F 992.01C/F	991.12C/F 991.22C/F 992.12C/F 992.22C/F 991.02C/F 992.02C/F	

1. CONFIGURATION All functions are front key selectable. it is the responsibility of the installing engineer to ensure that the configuration is safe. Remove the function lock link to protect critical functions from tampering.

ULTIMATE SAFETY ALARMS

Normal safety advice: Do not use SP2 as the sole alarm where personal injury or damage may be caused by equipment failure.

10.2 **MECHANICAL**

1. Prepare a 1/16 DIN panel cut out: 45 x 45mm +0.6 -0 1.77" x 1.77" +0.02 -0 2. Remove the socket, pressing in the

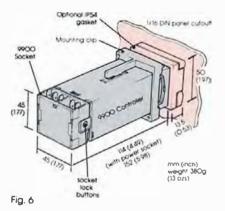
lock buttons

Slide the controller into the cut out Fit the mounting clip see fig. pressing it firmly against the panel, jacking screws optional

Plug on the socket

After installation remove and discard

the protective front window label Cleaning - if required wipe with damp cloth (water only)



CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS

SPI PID ParametersProp band/Gain Field selectable 0.5-100% CR Prop cycle-time
Integral time/Reset
Derivative time/Rate
DAC approach control 0.05-81s or ON/OFF 0.2-43m or OUT 1.0-255s or OUT 0.5-9.0 x PB (ON/OFF Hysteresis 0.25-50£CR)

GENERAL

Supply Voltage: 115V or 230V ±15% 50-60Hz 6VA (Link selectable)

Digital LED Display: 31/2 digit 10mm high. High brightness green. 3 step LED. Error indicator:

SP1 Green SP2 Amber. Output LEDs: 4 Elastomeric Buttons. Keypad:

ENVIRONMENTAL

Max. 80% Humidity: Up to 2000M Altitude: Installation: Categories II and III Pollution: Degree II UL61010-1 Edition 3 Safety: Protection: IP54 (with gasket)

EMC Emission: EN61326-1:2013. Class B. FCC/CFR 47 Part 15B and Part 18 EMC Immunity: EN61326-1:2013 Table 1,

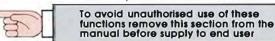
0.50°C (32-130°F) Flame Retardent Polycarbonate Ambient: Mouldings:



West Control Solutions policy of continuous development may cause detail changes to the enclosed information. E & OE

13 IMPORTANT: ADVANCED FUNCTIONS SECURITY

The advanced functions are intended for OEM's and process engineers. Access is therefore protected in the Function table



'HIDDEN' ACCESS TO ADVANCED FUNCTIONS



Step 3

PRESS & HOLD * FOR 5 sec TO ACCESS ADVANCED FUNCTIONS (Entry point Fn 38)

13.2 ADVANCED FUNCTIONS ... Protected

Fn	Opt	Parameter
No.	No.	diamoloi

SP1 Heat Power limit

0	100%	max	8	60%
1	45%	output	9	55%
2	90%		10	50%
3	85%		11	45%
4	80%		12	40%
5	75%		13	30%
6	70%		14	20%
7	65%		15	10%

Not in SPI ON/OFF mode

SP2 Cool limit

0		max output	4 5	40% 30%
2	60%		6	20%
3	50%		7	10%

Not in SP2 ON/OFF mode

Direct/Reverse mode selection

		Normal	OFF when logically ON
28 29	SP1 Output SP1 LED	O	1
30 31	SP2 Output SP2 LED	00	1

Error indicator resolution

0	Normal (2% range/segment)
1	High (1%)

Low (4%)

Temperature display sensitivity

0	Normal
1	High
2	Low

Derivative polling ratio

0	O.5 x derivative time
2	0.7
3	10

Sensor span adjust

1% steps (+15°/-16° max)

'Hidden' Fn 15/Opt 5 resets ALL functions, except Fn 22 Note

SP2 Latch alarms

Normal Latch

Only for: SP2 ON/OFF mode, Fn 19/Opt 1-5

PRESS \ together to reset (in non alarm condition)

37 Spare

DIAGNOSTICS

Read only Functions 39-49 Mode B display see 4.2

PERFORMANCE MONITOR (PM)

Start monitor (Entry point from Fn 13)

OFF Start

Readings are reset on subsequent monitor start or de-powering

- 39 Read temperature variance (0.1°)
- 40 Read maximum temperature (°C/°F)
- Read minimum temperature (°C/°F)
- Read Duty Cycle Monitor (DCM) % heat (SP1 % ON time) 42

AUTOTUNE TUNING DATA Fig. 8

Overshoot/Undershoot (°C/°F) Max 255° /Hi-res 25.5°

OS1 OS2

45 US -

Quarter cycle times (sec) Min 2 sec/max 1800 sec (30 min)

Spare PRESS A to Fn O

13.3 DIAGNOSTICS Functions 38 - 49

To assist with machine development. commissioning and trouble shooting

PERFORMANCE MONITOR (PM)

Monitors and displays minimum and maximum temperatures, and variance (deviation) to 0.1°C/°F

Displayed temperatures are measured values, independent of set point. This high sensitivity monitor may be affected by interference. (Fit snubber to minimise disturbance)

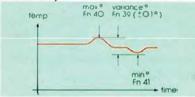


Fig. 7 Performance monitor (PM) Fns 38-41

DUTY CYCLE MONITOR (DCM)

Monitors percentage power used in the previous proportioning cycle. Average several readings for a more accurate result Power requirements outside the range 20% – 80% may be difficult to control and autotune

AUTOTUNE TUNING DATA (Fns 43-49)

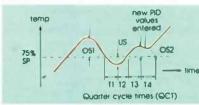


Fig. 8

13.4 MONITOR OPERATION (PM/DCM)

Step
1 To start monotor:

To return to normal

5		operation	PRESS P
	3	To view readings (PM/DCM)	Fns 39-42
	4	To stop monitor:	
		(Readings are retained)	Frn 38/Opt 0
	5	Reset	
		Readings reset on next monitor start.	Fri 38/Opt 1
		Monitor and readings reset	On de-

Select

Fri 38/Opt 1

PROGRAM SECURITY LOCK

To be made by qualified technicain, Depower controller before proceeding using a screw driver at side of bezel remove lower sciew arriver at side of bezel femove lower fascia containing push buttons. All functions except user settings - Functions 1-3 can be protected against tampering. To protect function settings change the plastic link from updated to be the contained to the protect of the contained to the contain from unlocked to locked position.

LOCKED (or remove link)

• • UNLOCKED

INTERNAL LINK CHANGES

These operational modifications should be made by a qualified technician before installation.

To remove the 9900A board:

 First remove the output module, carefully lever the retaining clips from the slots in the module cover with a small screwdriver.

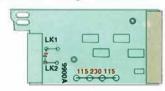


2. Tap module cover on table top, as shown, to release the 9900A board.
Carefully remove board, avoid damaging components on protruding tongue



15.1 To convert to 3 wire RTD/PT100

(inhibits thermocouple operation)
Carefully cut pad at **X** avoid damage to R3.
Fit solder links LK1, LK2 using 22SWG wire.



15.2 Supply Voltage Conversion (Plug in links) IMPORTANT - check your installation operating voltage before proceeding. Wrongful conversion could damage this unit

For 115 Volt $\pm 15\%$ operation fit two links (spare link in accessories bag) in positions 115 and 115. For 230 Volt $\pm 15\%$ operation fit one link in

position 230

9900 FUNCTION/OPTION RECORD Custome Ref. model serial no 9900 Function Option Set Number date

17 COOL STRATEGY FOR HEAT-COOL APPLICATIONS

Cool strategy: A change in load causes movement of the linked heat and cool prop bands

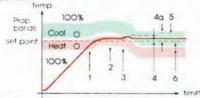


Fig. 9

1. Integral causes linked prop bands to move up

2. Stabilises e.g. 30% heat
3. Exothermic load change causes integral
to move prop bands down minimising disturbance

4. Minimum offset achieved (4a = offset without cool strategy integral action)
5. Stabilises e.g. 50% cool
6. Consistent dead band throughout

17.1 SETTING UP ROUTINE FOR-HEAT COOL (Single zone procedure) Step

- Run Autotune AT: (Set normal operating temp) Accept AT
 proportional cycle time Fn 4/Opt 15
 Note SPI/SP2 cycle times must be
 compatible with switching devices used
 (SP2 cool output is OFF at this stage)
- When temperature stable at set point:

 Select cool strategy Fn 19/0
 Select cool prop band option value from table nearest to Heat Fn 19/Opt 7

prop band value (view Fn 5) Select **cool** cycle time option value nearest to Heat cycle time value (view Fn 4)

Adjust SP2 dead band to 0°
(Factory set 5°) Fn 10

Run with normal background/ exothermic thermal conditions, good results should be achieved and provide the basis for fine tuning

Further adjustments: e.g. Water cooling. Should oscillation occur try (in order):

Double cool prop band value Fn 11 and reduce integral time value Fn 8
Halve cool cycle time Fn 10 Introduce cool overlap
 Fn 2/(-)ve

Non-linear coolingFor water cooling above 100 °C where flash to steam occurs. Select non-linear ranges in cool cycle time Fn 10/Opt 13-15

Fine tuning
If overshoot (into cool) or
undershoot (into heat) occurs, slowly

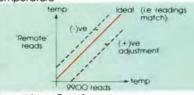
make the following adjustments.
observing the results:
Increase cool overlap
Apply SP2 cool limit,
progressively
If needed: SP1 heat limit
Fn 26/Opt 1

Contact CAL for more application advice and data if required

RECALIBRATING TO A REMOTE STANDARD

To enable the 9900 calibration to match an external meter, data logger etc. (i.e. **'Remote'** reading)

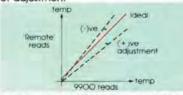
SENSOR ERROR CORRECTION: Fn 9 Provides correction at one single temperature



Example Reads 9900 400° 'Remote'

Error +4° Set (-4) correction at Fn 9 Note Error polarity applies to 9900 correction

Sensor span adjust: Fn 35 Provides correction where two temperatures require differing amounts of adjustment



1. Choose a temperature towards the bottom of the normal operating range

and one at the top

2. Run at the lower temperature TI, note
the error EI between 9900 and 'Remote'

reading
3. Repeat at upper temperature T2 and note error E2

Example 9900 'Remote' Error E1 =	71 reads 60° 58° +2°	E2 =	72 read 200° 205° -5°
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4. Calculation of span adjustment

Formula: Fn 35 = $\frac{E2 - E1}{T2 - T1}$ x CR (as Fn 24)

Example:
$$5n 35 = \frac{(-5°) - (+2°)}{200° - 60°} \times 250°$$

= $\frac{-3}{140} \times 250$

 $Fn 35 = -5^{\circ}$ Set (-5°) in Fn 35

5. A span error entered in Fn 35 immediately changes the reading, allow time to stabilise at T2, if an error exists correct with Fn 9. Then check at T1, if an error exists check readings and calculations; repeat if necessary

18 NOTES ON OTHER FUNCTIONS

Function Item Park mode (Opt 3)
Temporarily turns outputs off

Display: and Process temperature

Useful in commissioning and trouble shooting, e.g. Multizone applications Manual heat % (Opt 4-100) If sensor break occurs (EE1/2) SPI output (heater power) may be manually controlled 4-100% (Not in ON/OFF mode)

Display: XXH (XX = % output)

SP1 Set point lock Fn 3 Stops unauthorised adjustment

Retransmission: Fn 5 With 100% prop band, accuracy ±5% configuration range using linear input/output

Fn 16 Linear process inputs

Optional 9900-PIM Process inter-face module (Data from CAL) This remote module provides greater versatility when using the 9900 with linear inputs

Fn 17 Negative temperature ranging Enables type T/RTD-PTIOO to be used below 0°C/32°F Note Increased range, to -200°C/F, may effect PID values

Fn 18 Display resolution
Note Effect on set point and other
values set in °C/°F e.g. 100.0° in
hi-res = 1000° in normal

Fn 26 SP1 Heat power limit Limits maximum heater power during warm up. Useful if heaters

Fn 27 SP2 Cool power limit Limits maximum cooling power outside prop band in heat-cool

PID TUNING NOTES

Proportional cycle time: Fns 4/10
Determines the cycle rate of the output device

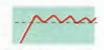
Output device Recommended

9900 Internal relavs

SSR Linear output (mA/Vdc)

10 sec minimum (5 sec with derated contacts & snubber) 1 sec 0.05 sec





Ideal

Too long (oscillates)

Proportional band/Gain: Fn 5/11 Smooths out oscillation occuring in ON/OFF control





Too narrow (oscillates)

Too wide (slow warm up and response)

Integral time/Reset: Fn 8 Automatically corrects offset errors caused by proportional control

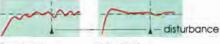




Too short (overshoots and oscillates)

Too long (slow warm up and response)

Derivative time/Rate: Fn 6 Suppresses overshoot and speeds response to disturbances



Too long (oscillates and over corrects)

Too short (slow warm up and response under corrects)

DAC approach control: Fn 7 Tunes warm up characteristics independent of normal operating conditions. Controls when derivative action starts on warm up, (smaller setting = closer to set point) Useful when sensor very remote from heater





Too small (overshoot) Too large (slow stepped warm up)

PID MANUAL TUNING GUIDE

For unusual applications producing error messages (EE5/6) on Autotune AT/PT

sages (EE576) on Autorune A17PI
Initial settings:
Fn 5/Opt O
(or Reset funtions: Fn 15/Opt 1)
Fn 4/Opt 7 (ON/OFF Mode)
Normal operating set point
(Then allow process to stabilise)
Take several readings of:

Amplitude A

Time period T



(Diagnostics Fns 38/39 may help)

Set PID values: Set opt value Fn 4 Prop cycle sec Negrest time (Ensure 20 compatible with output device) A x-1.5 x 100% Fn 5 Prop Next band/Gain config range larger Fn 6 Derivative Next T sec time/Rate 10 shorter min Next

Fn 8 Integral time/Reset 60 Fn 7 DAC

Approach control

15 factory set

longer 20.5

STANDARD INPUT

CAL9910xx Single 5A Relay CAL9920xx Single 5VDC SSR

3-WIRE PT100 INPUT

CAL9810xx Single 5A Relay CAL9820xx Single 5VDC SSR

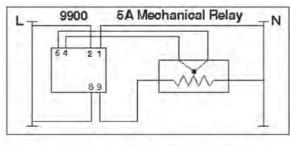
The single output models listed above have only one output fitted which has different connections to the two output versions described in this manual.

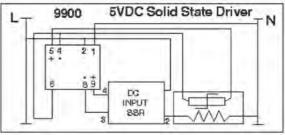
Please read carefully the following information to ensure correct use of the controller.

SINGLE OUTPUT MODEL WIRING

PT100 N 5A/250V SPDT 5VDC SSR

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM FOR SINGLE OUTPUT





Notes: These products are intended for indoor use only Field wiring employed must be rated for a minimum of 70 deg C



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